

Page 1, line 2, insert: This patent application is a continuation of U.S. Patent Applications No. 09/783,111 filed February 14, 2001, which is currently pending, which is a continuation of U.S. Patent Application No. 09/111,317, filed July 7, 1998, now issued as U.S. Patent No. 6,285,898 which claims the benefit of Provisional Patent Application No. 60/009,769 filed January 11, 1996.

**In the Claims**

Kindly delete claims 1-265 without prejudice. Kindly add the following new claims:

~~145~~  
-- ~~266~~. A method of determining an optimal location for implanting a pacemaker electrode comprising:

pacing a heart from a first location;  
generating a first map of the heart associated with pacing at the first location;  
pacing the heart from a second location;  
generating a second map of the heart associated with pacing at the second location;  
comparing the first and second maps to diagnose the effect of the pacing; and

selecting an optimal location for implanting the pacemaker electrode based on comparing the maps.

~~146~~  
~~267~~. A method according to claim 266, wherein generating the first map comprises:  
(a) bringing an invasive probe into contact with a site on the wall of the heart;  
(b) determining a position of the invasive probe;  
(c) determining a cardiac characteristic at the site;  
(d) repeating (a)-(c) for a plurality of sites of the heart; and  
(e) combining the positions to form a time-dependent map of at least a portion of the heart.

147  
268. A method according to claim 267, wherein determining the position comprises determining the position at least two different phases of a heart cycle of the heart.

148  
269. A method according to claim 267, wherein determining the cardiac characteristic at the site comprises determining an electrical value at the site.

149  
270. A method according to claim 267, wherein determining the cardiac characteristic at the site comprises determining a non-electrical physiological value at the site.

150  
271. A method according to claim 266, wherein generating the first map comprises:  
(a) bringing an invasive probe into contact with a site on the wall of the heart;  
(b) determining a position <sup>of</sup> on the invasive probe;  
(c) determining a cardiac characteristic at the site;  
(d) repeating (a)-(c) for a plurality of sites of the heart; and  
(e) combining the positions to form a map of at least a portion of the heart.

151  
272. A method according to claim 271, wherein determining the cardiac characteristic comprises determining the cardiac characteristic at the site at a plurality of different phases of the heart cycle.

152  
273. A method according to claim 271, wherein determining the cardiac characteristic at the site comprises determining a non-electrical physiological value at the site.

153  
274. A method according to claim 271, wherein determining the cardiac characteristic at the site comprises determining an electrical value at the site.

154  
275. A method according to claim 271, comprising determining at least a second position of the invasive probe, which position is different from the position determined in (b).

- 155*  
276. A method according to claim 275, comprising determining at least one local relationship between changes in positions of the invasive probe and a determined local cardiac characteristic.
- 156*  
277. A method according to claim 271, wherein the cardiac characteristic is determined using a sensor external to the probe.
- 157*  
278. A method according to claim 277, wherein the sensor is external to a body which comprises the heart.
- 158*  
279. A method according to claim 271, wherein the cardiac characteristic is determined using a sensor in the invasive probe.
- 159*  
280. A method according to claim 271, wherein the cardiac characteristic is determined at substantially the same time as the position of the invasive probe.
- 160*  
281. A method according to claim 271, wherein the cardiac characteristic comprises a thickness of the heart at the site.
- 161*  
282. A method according to claim 281, wherein the thickness of the heart is determined using an ultrasonic transducer mounted on the invasive probe.
- 162*  
283. A method according to claim 281, comprising determining a reaction of the heart to an activation signal by analyzing changes in the thickness of the heart.
- 163*  
284. A method according to claim 271, wherein the cardiac characteristic comprises a measure of a perfusion at the site.
- 164*  
285. A method according to any claim 271, wherein the cardiac characteristic comprises a measure of work performed at the site.

*(13)*  
286. A method according to claim 271, comprising determining a local electrical activity at each of the plurality of sites of the heart.

*(14)*  
287. A method according to claim 286, wherein the electrical activity comprises a local electrogram.

*(15)*  
288. A method according to claim 286, wherein the electrical activity comprises a local activation time.

*(16)*  
289. A method according to claim 286, wherein the electrical activity comprises a local plateau duration of heart tissue at location.

*(17)*  
290. A method according to claim 286, wherein the electrical activity comprises a peak-to-peak value of a local electrogram.

*(18)*  
291. A method according to claim 266, wherein comparing the maps comprises analyzing the maps to determine underutilized portions of the heart.

*(19)*  
292. A method according to claim 266, wherein comparing the maps comprises analyzing the maps to determine over-stressed portions of the heart.

*(20)*  
293. A method according to claim 266, wherein selecting the optimal location comprises:

choosing a portion of the heart having a certain amount of muscle tissue thereat;  
and

determining a pacing regime for changing the workload of the portion.

*(21)*  
294. A method according to claim 293, comprising pacing the heart using the determined pacing regime.

- 174  
295. A method according to claim 294, comprising:  
    waiting a period of time;  
    then determining the effect of the pacing regime; and  
    repeating choosing, determining and pacing the heart using the determined  
    pacing regime if a desired effect is not reached.
- 175  
296. A method according to claim 295, wherein waiting the period of time comprises  
    waiting at least one week.
- 176  
297. A method according to claim 293, wherein the workload of the portion is  
    increased in order to increase the amount of muscle tissue therein.
- 177  
298. A method according to claims 293, wherein the workload of the portion is  
    decreased in order to decrease the amount of muscle tissue thereat.
- 178  
299. A method according to claim 293, wherein the workload is changed by changing  
    an activation time of the portion.
- 179  
300. A method according to claim 293, wherein the map includes electrical activation  
    information.
- 180  
301. A method according to claim 293, wherein the map includes mechanical  
    activation information.
- 181  
302. A method according to claim 266, comprising determining a cardiac parameter  
    associated with pacing at the first and second locations, and implanting the electrode at  
    the location for which the cardiac parameter is optimal.

*(183)*  
303. A method according to claim 266, wherein pacing the heart from the first location comprises bringing an invasive probe having an electrode to the first location and electrifying the electrode with a pacing current.

*(184)*  
304. A method according to claim 302, wherein determining the cardiac parameter comprises determining stroke volume.

*(185)*  
305. A method according to claim 302, wherein determining the cardiac parameter comprises determining intra-cardiac pressure.

*(186)*  
306. A method according to claim 302, wherein determining the cardiac parameter comprises measuring the cardiac parameter using an invasive probe.

*(187)*  
307. A method according to claim 266, wherein generating the first map comprises determining a local physiological value at a plurality of sites in the heart.

*(188)*  
308. A method according to claim 307, comprising:  
determining a pacing regime which changes a distribution of the physiological values in a desired manner.

*(189)*  
309. A method according to claim 307, wherein the distribution comprises a temporal distribution.

*(190)*  
310. A method according to claim 307, wherein the distribution comprises a spatial distribution.

*(191)*  
311. A method according to claim 308, comprising pacing the heart using the determined pacing regime.

*(91)*  
312. A method according to claim 307, wherein changing the distribution comprises maintaining physiological values within a given range.

*(92)*  
313. A method according to claim 307, wherein the physiological values are determined substantially simultaneously.

*(93)*  
314. A method according to claim 307, wherein the physiological value comprises perfusion.

*(94)*  
315. A method according to claim 307, wherein the physiological value comprises stress.

*(95)*  
316. A method according to claim 307, wherein the physiological value comprises plateau duration.

*(96)*  
317. A method according to claim 307, wherein determining the physiological value comprises measuring activation time using electrodes.

*(97)*  
318. A method according to claim 266, and comprising determining, using at least one of the maps, a preferred pacing regime for the heart which is optimal with respect to a physiological variable.

*(98)*  
319. A method according to claim 318, comprising pacing the heart using the preferred pacing regime.

*(99)*  
320. A method according to claim 266, wherein generating the maps comprises generating electrical maps.

*(100)*  
321. A method according to claim 318, wherein determining the preferred pacing regime comprises generating a map of the activation profile of the heart.

*201*  
322. A method according to claim 266, wherein generating the maps comprises generating mechanical maps.

*new*  
323. A method according to claim 318, wherein the physiological variable comprises a stroke volume.

*251*  
324. A method according to claim 318, wherein the physiological variable comprises a ventricular pressure profile.

325. A method of pacing comprising:

(a) pacing a heart using a first pacing scheme; and

(b) changing the pacing scheme to a second pacing scheme, wherein the change in pacing is not directly related to a sensed or predicted arrhythmia, fibrillation or cardiac output demand in the heart.

326. A method according to claim 325, wherein each of the pacing schemes optimizes the utilization of different portions of the heart.

*204*  
327. A method according to claim 325, wherein the changing of the pacing schemes temporally distributes workload between different portions of the heart. --

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#### REMARKS

The present application is a Continuation Application under 37 C.F.R. § 1.53 (b) of parent application U.S. Serial No. 09/783,111, filed February 14, 2001 (Applicant's Docket No. BIO-124) which is currently pending. Claims 266-327 are in the case and presented for consideration. Original claims 1-265 of the parent application have been canceled without prejudice. No new matter has been added. The support for these new

claims can be found in the specification, for example, page 15, lines 4-5; page 16, lines 31-32; page 17, lines 5-32; page 18, lines 1-3; page 18, lines 8-19; page 20, lines 1-3; page 20, lines 13-15; page 21, lines 9-32; page 22, lines 3-11; page 22, lines 17-27; page 23, lines 4-6; and page 41, lines 27-28.

Accordingly, favorable action is respectfully requested.

Respectfully submitted,

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